

WRITING OVERVIEW – CYCLE B

*teachers may, on occasion, teach some elements of SPaG in a different order or in discrete lessons according to the needs of their class in consultation and agreement with the English Leads, Curriculum Lead and SLT.

Note: Converting nouns or adjectives into verbs using suffixes is not covered over the two-year cycle for Year 5&6 -this must therefore be taught discretely. **AUTUMN 1 SPRING 1 SPRING 1 SUMMER 1 SUMMER 1 AUTUMN 1** JOURNEYS AND MIGRATION INSPIRATION AND ACTIVISM **FATE AND FORTUNE** FIGURES **ROMEO AND JULIET HIDDEN FIGURES** THE INVENTION OF THE WIND IN THE by William THE ODYSSEY THE ARRIVAL 5&6 **HUGO CABRET** WALL by Margot Lee by Gillian Cross by Shaun Tan Shakespeare Shetterly by Sally Gardner by Brian Selznick YEAR `YY 🚱 (17) `W ∰ (i) W 🤂 🛈 to inform **MAIN WRITING OUTCOME: MAIN WRITING MAIN WRITING MAIN WRITING MAIN WRITING MAIN WRITING OUTCOME:** extended own **OUTCOME: OUTCOME: OUTCOME**: extended **OUTCOME:** epic stories version narratives playscripts biographies gothic narrative playscripts **OTHER WRITING OTHER WRITING OTHER WRITING OTHER WRITING OTHER WRITING OTHER WRITING OUTCOMES:** speeches **OUTCOMES:** setting **OUTCOMES:** letters, lists **OUTCOMES:** diaries, **OUTCOMES:** horror **OUTCOMES:** diaries, (proclamation, persuasive, of rules, character descriptions, journalistic writing, film poster, figurative letters, narratives, soliloquy), dialogue, missing descriptions, diaries, short flashback narratives, writing, descriptions, character character descriptions, diaries, speeches, discussions, old English letter, descriptions, balanced scenes, postcards, adverts playscripts, short reports, letters, film critiques guides dialogue dialogue arguments YEAR 5 GRAMMAR **YEAR 5 GRAMMAR** YEAR 5 GRAMMAR **YEAR 5 GRAMMAR** YEAR 5 GRAMMAR YEAR 5 GRAMMAR

Expanded noun

phrases to

Relative clauses

Expanded noun

phrases to

Indicating degrees

of possibility using

- Expanded noun phrases to convey information concisely
- Indicating degrees of possibility using modal verbs and adverbs
- Bracket, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis
- Use of commas to clarify meaning and avoid ambiguity

YEAR 6 GRAMMAR

- Use of the semi-colon, colon or dash to mark independent clauses
- Use of the colon to indicate a list and use of a semi-colon within a list

- Using expanded noun phrases to convey information concisely
- Relative clauses
- Indicating degrees of possibility using modal verbs and adverbs

YEAR 6 GRAMMAR

- Use of the passive voice
- Formal and informal structures

- convey complicate information concisely
- Relative clauses
- Indicating degrees of possibility using modal verbs and adverbs
- Devices to build cohesion within a paragraph
- Linking ideas across paragraphs using adverbials of time, place and number
- Brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis
- Use of commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity

YEAR 6 GRAMMAR

- Synonyms and antonyms
- Formal and informal structures

- Indicating degrees of possibility using modal verbs and adverbs
- Use of the passive voice

YEAR 6 GRAMMAR

- Formal and informal structures
- Layout devices
- Bullet points to list information
- Use hyphens to avoid ambiguity

- convey complicated information concisely
- Indicating degrees of possibility using modal verbs and adverbs
- Bracket, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis
- Use of commas to clarify meaning and avoid ambiguity

YEAR 6 GRAMMAR

- Use of the passive voice
- Formal and informal structures
- Use of the semicolon, colon and dash to indicate parenthesis
- Using hyphens to avoid ambiguity

- modal verbs and adverbs
- Brackets, dashes and commas to indicate parenthesis

YEAR 6 GRAMMAR

Formal and informal structures

AUTUMN 2	AUTUMN 2	• SPRING 2	SPRING 2	SUMMER 2	SUMMER 2
CONSERVATION AND PRESERVATION		DYSTOPIAN WORLDS		A SENSE OF PLACE	
LAST BEAR BEAR BEAR BEAR BEAR BEAR BEAR BEAR	can we save the tiger?	Malorie BLACKMAN IKOMENIAN IN TOTAL	BOY TOWER FREE ANTEN FREE AN	michael morpurgo Kaspar of Cals	NOME PLACE TO MORE THAN OTHERS
THE LAST BEAR by Hannah Gold	CAN WE SAVE THE TIGER? By Martin Jenkins	ROBOT GIRL by Malorie Blackman	BOY IN THE TOWER by Polly Ho-Yen	KASPAR, PRINCE OF CATS by Michael Morpurgo	SOME PLACES MORE THAN OTHERS by Renee Watson
Writing to persuade	Writing to discuss	YYY ∰ ∏Ÿ ♣ ♣ ♣ Writing to entertain	₩ ∰ ∏Ŷ	to inform	₩ ⊕ ∏7 ♣ ♣ ♣ Writing to entertain
MAIN WRITING OUTCOME:	MAIN WRITING	MAIN WRITING	MAIN WRITING	MAIN WRITING	MAIN WRITING
persuasive pitch	OUTCOME: discussion	OUTCOME: science-	OUTCOME: own	OUTCOME:	OUTCOME: poems
	texts	fiction narratives	version narratives (past and present	newspaper articles	with similar structure
			tense)		
OTHER WRITING OUTCOMES: character	OTHER WRITING OUTCOMES: letters,	OTHER WRITING OUTCOMES:	OTHER WRITING OUTCOMES:	OTHER WRITING OUTCOMES:	OTHER WRITING OUTCOMES:
profile, description, dialogue, monologue, log book, scientific report	explanations, persuasive posters and speeches, simple poems	discussions, debates, dialogue, character comparisons, reviews	journalistic writing, formal letters, non- chronological reports	character descriptions, reports, letters, advertising leaflets, balanced reports	summaries, analysis and performances
YEAR 5 GRAMMAR	YEAR 5 GRAMMAR	YEAR 5 GRAMMAR	YEAR 5 GRAMMAR	YEAR 5 GRAMMAR	YEAR 5 GRAMMAR
 Expanded noun phrases 	 Verb prefixes 	Expanded noun	 Verb prefixes 	 Using expanded 	 Expanded noun
 Relative clauses 	Relative clauses	phrases	Relative clauses	noun phrases	phrases to convey
		 Relative clauses 			

- Indicating degrees of possibility using modal verbs and adverbs
- Using commas to avoid ambiguity

YEAR 6 GRAMMAR

- Passive voice
- Formal and informal structures
- Bullet points to list information

- Indicating degrees of possibility using adverbs and modal verbs
- Devices to build cohesion within paragraphs
- Linking ideas across paragraphs using adverbials of time, place and number
- Brackets, dashes and commas to indicate parenthesis
- Commas to clarify meaning and avoid ambiguity

YEAR 6 GRAMMAR

- Formal and informal vocabulary
- Synonyms and antonyms
- Formal and informal structures
- Linking ideas across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices
- Layout devices
- Using hyphens to avoid ambiguity

- Indicating degrees of possibility using adverbs and modal verbs
- Indicating degrees of possibility using modal verbs and adverbs
- Using commas to avoid ambiguity

YEAR 6 GRAMMAR

- Synonyms and antonyms
- Formal and informal structures

- Indicating degrees of possibility using modal verbs and adverbs
- Brackets, commas and dashes to indicate parenthesis

YEAR 6 GRAMMAR

- Passive voice
- Formal and informal structures
- Layout devices
- Use of the semicolon, colon and dash to mark independent clauses

- Indicating degrees of possibility using modal verbs and adverbs
- Linking ideas across paragraphs using adverbials of time, place and number
- Using commas to clarify and avoid ambiguity

YEAR 6 GRAMMAR

- Use of the passive voice
- Layout devices
- Bullet points to list information

- information concisely
- Indicating degrees of possibility using modal verbs and adverbs
- Use of commas to clarify meaning and avoid ambiguity

YEAR 6 GRAMMAR

 Use of semi-colon, colon, dash to mark independent clauses