

Dyslexia is a common learning difficulty that can cause problems with reading, writing, and spelling.

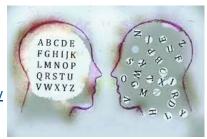
It's a specific learning difficulty, which means it causes problems with certain abilities used for learning, such as reading and writing.

Research based information about Dyslexia:

https://www.understood.org/en/learning-thinking-differences/child-learning-disabilities/dyslexia/what-is-dyslexia#item3

https://childmind.org/article/understanding-dyslexia/

https://www.bdadyslexia.org.uk/advice/children/how-can-i-support-my



Strategies to Support your child:

- Allow children to use a word processor to complete some written tasks. This
 highlights spelling errors and offers alternatives. If they can't type, encourage
 them to learn, so that they are able to use a word processor with more speed
 and fluency. You could also 'scribe' some of their work for them, so that they
 don't feel overwhelmed by the task: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zf2f9j6/articles/z3c6tfr
- This website is useful in showing how to use mind mapping, when structuring and developing written work: https://kidengage.com/blog/2019/02/mind-mapping-for-children-how-to-teach-children-to-use-mind-maps/
- Some children may access age related audiobooks to develop their love of reading. This will develop their vocabulary and comprehension, without them even realising that they are learning: https://stories.audible.com/start-listen
- Paired reading. Encourage children to read one page and you read the next.
 Read some books to them for pleasure and invite them to read a section if they want to, this will help develop their love of books and stories. https://www.bdadyslexia.org.uk/advice/children/how-can-i-support-my-child
- https://dyslexia-assist.org.uk/for-parents/what-can-i-do-at-home-to-help-my-child/
- Memory games are available on: https://www.weareteachers.com/working-

What to do if I am worried about my child

DYSLEXIA IS...

neurobiological language-based

The bran processes written and spoken information differently.

genetic common

Dyslesia is posses through families.

About In 5 have dyslesia

Speak to your child's class teacher either in person, email or telephone.

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